

Search for ALP through $B \rightarrow K a'$ ($a' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$) Decay

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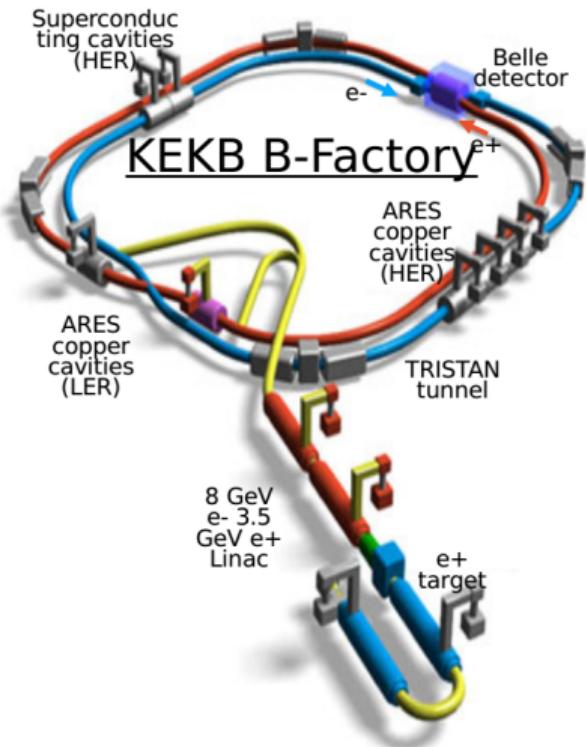
Yonsei University

Jan 7th, 2021

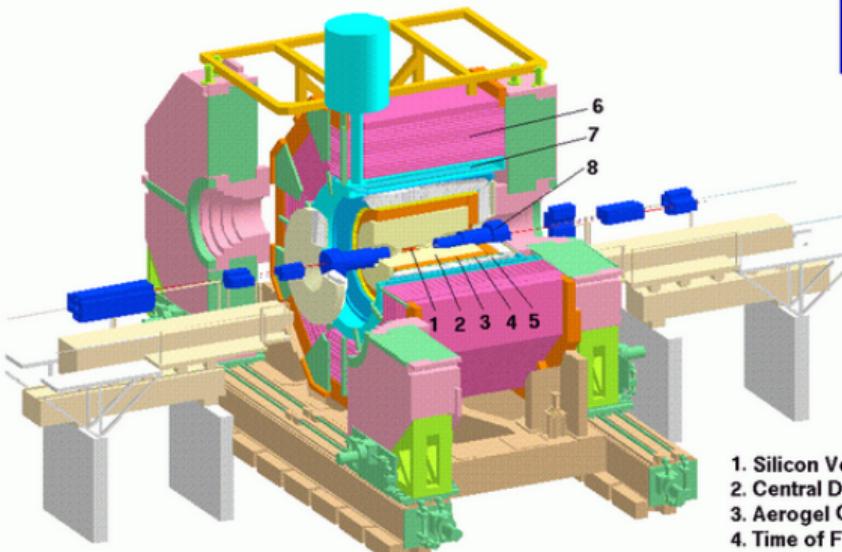
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KEKB and Belle Experiment



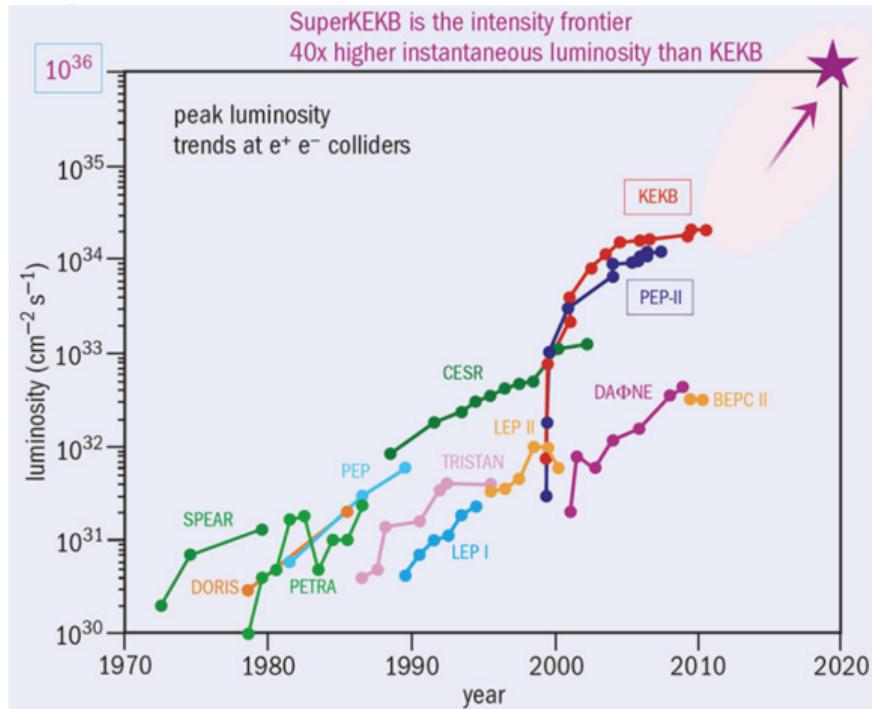
BELLE Detector



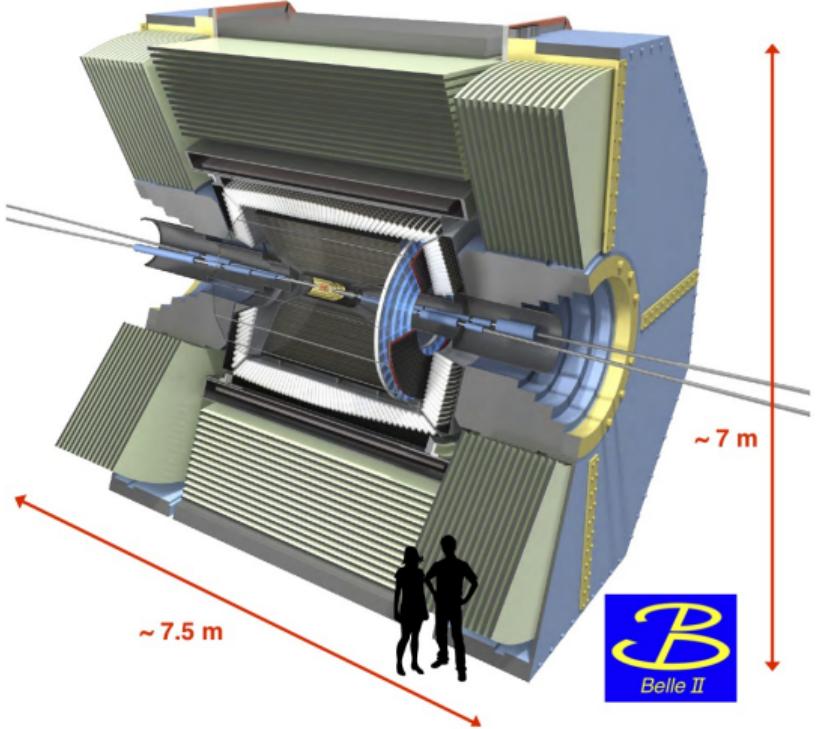
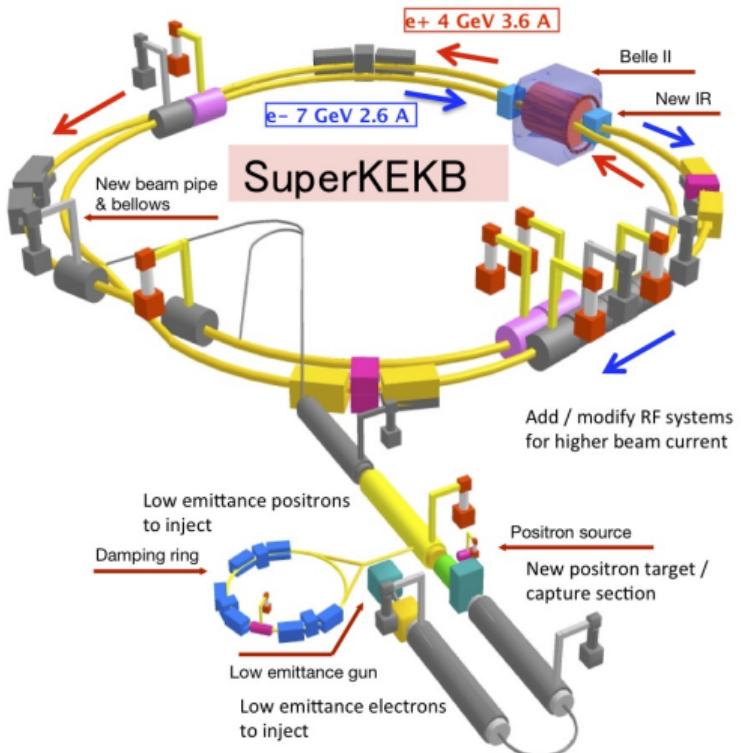
1. Silicon Vertex Detector
2. Central Drift Chamber
3. Aerogel Cherenkov Counter
4. Time of Flight Counter
5. CsI Calorimeter
6. KLM Detector
7. Superconducting Solenoid
8. Superconducting Final Focussing System

KEKB and Belle Experiment

- Belle Experiment :
- 8 GeV HER, 3.5 GeV LER head-on colliding
- Energy set to generate $\Upsilon(4S)$ (10.58 GeV)
- $\Upsilon(4S)$ decays into BB pair (5.28 GeV)
- from 1999 to 2010, 710 fb^{-1} integrated luminosity collected, corresponding to 772 million BB pair
- Have several layers of detectors
- SVD, CDC, TOF, ACC, CsI, KLM
- Now upgraded Belle II experiment with SuperKEKB is under operation

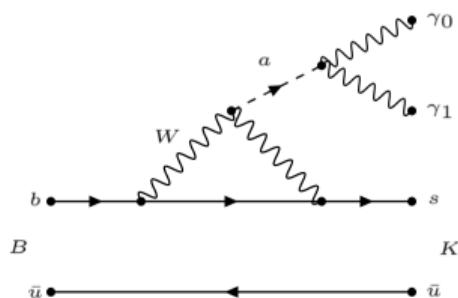


SuperKEKB and Belle II Experiment



Event generation

- a' stands for Axion-Like-Particle (ALP)
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^0 a' (a' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ a' (a' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ (What we show in this talk)
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^0 a' (a' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ a' (a' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- a' : Spin-less pseudoscalar particle
- a' : Decay into $\gamma\gamma$ 100%
- $M_{a'} : 0.1 \sim 1.0 \text{ GeV}$ (0.05 GeV interval)
- $M_{a'} : 1.0 \sim 3.0 \text{ GeV}$ (0.1 GeV interval)
- Each signal MC sample contains 100K events,



Skim

- Background data skimmed to include all K mode
- B2BII applied : allow using Belle I data in Belle 2 Analysis Framework (BASF2)
- B2BII conditions :
 BELLE2_RELEASE = release-05-01-06

Particle List	Selection Criteria	Particle List	Selection Criteria
Charged track	$ d0 < 3.0 \text{ cm}$ $\ z0\ < 4.0 \text{ cm}$ $\text{eIDBelle} < 0.9$ $\text{muIDBelle} < 0.9 \text{ or } \text{muIDBelleQuality} = 0$	K^*	$0.7 < m_{K^*} < 1.1 \text{ GeV}$ $K^0 \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0$ $K^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ $K^+ \rightarrow K^0 \pi^+$ $K^+ \rightarrow K^+ \pi^0$
K^+	$\mathcal{L}(K\pi) > 0.6$ $\mathcal{L}(Kp) > 0.4$	ALP	$0.102 > M_{a'} \ M_{a'} > 0.166 \text{ GeV } (\pi^0 \text{ mass region})$ $0.480 > M_{a'} \ M_{a'} > 0.584 \text{ GeV } (\eta \text{ mass region})$ $0.866 > M_{a'} \ M_{a'} > 0.997 \text{ GeV } (\eta' \text{ mass region})$
π^+	$\mathcal{L}(\pi K) > 0.4$ $\mathcal{L}(\pi p) > 0.7$	B	$M_{bc} > 5,26 \text{ GeV}$ $-0.6 < \Delta E < 0.3 \text{ GeV}$
γ	$E_\gamma > 50 \text{ MeV}$ $0.5 < \text{goodBelleGamma} < 1.5$	$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 a'$	
π^0	pi0:mdst	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ a'$	
K_S^0	goodBelleKShort vertex kFit $\text{ksnbStandard} = 1 \text{ (nisKs)}$	$B^0 \rightarrow K^0 a'$	$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ a'$

Variables

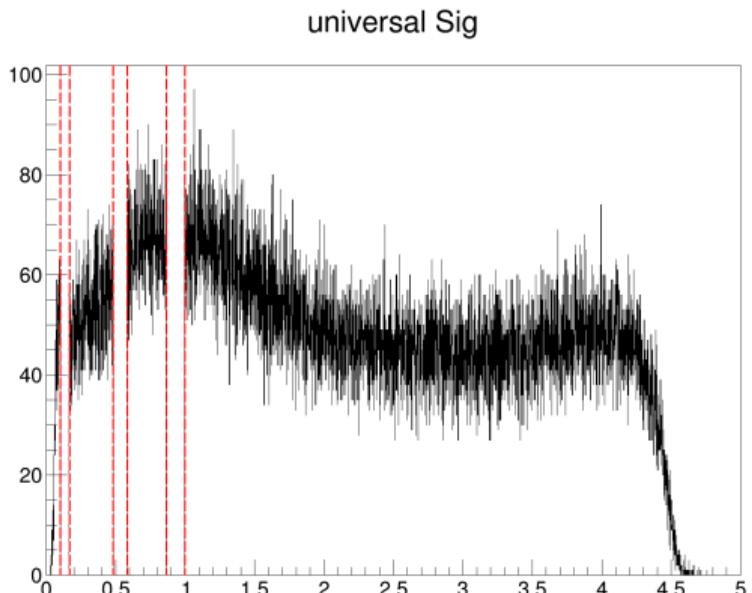
Selection Criteria	Description
$\ d0\ $	Signed distance to the point of closest approach (POCA) in the $r - \phi$ plane
$\ z0\ $	z coordinate of the POCA
eIDBelle	Belle electron likelihood
muIDBelle	Belle muon likelihood
<i>muIDBelleQuality</i>	muIDBelle quality flag
$\mathcal{L}(ij)$	Belle atcPID $\mathcal{L}_i / (\mathcal{L}_i + \mathcal{L}_j)$
<i>goodBelleGamma</i>	dependent energy selection for Belle data and MC (50/100/150 MeV)
goodBelleKShort	$0.468 < M < 0.528$ GeV, Vertex fit not failed
$M_{a'} \text{ cut}$	$3 \times \text{RMS of } \pi^0, \eta, \eta'$ mass distribution
M_{bc}	$\sqrt{(E_{\text{beam}}/2)^2 - \vec{p}_B^2}$, Beam constraint mass for signal side <i>B</i>
ΔE	$(E_{\text{beam}}/2) - E_B$

FBDT

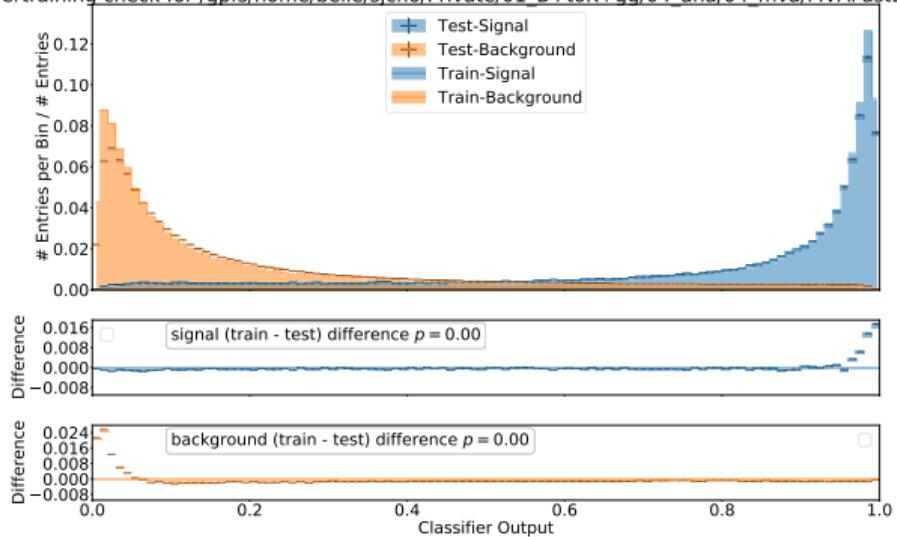
- TMVA not works well with B2BII dataset
- -> apply BASF2 mva
- training for each sigMC data leads MVA to select signal-like mass region :
- so generate SigMC with various a' mass (0.01~4.5 GeV, 10MeV interval) to use as MVA training sample.
- peaking background mass region has removed.
- 100,000 evts from uniSig MC sample used as Sig training sample
- 50,000 evts from each CHM and UDS stream 01 used as Bkg training sample
- Pre-MVA Cuts :

Precut	Conditions
Mbc	5.2~
deltaE	-0.6~0.3
Easy	~0.9
kopp Prob	~0.8

- $Easy = \frac{|E_{\gamma_0} - E_{\gamma_1}|}{E_{\gamma_0} + E_{\gamma_1}}$



Overtraining check for /gpfs/home/belle/sicho/Private/01_B+toK+gg/04_ana/04_mva/MVAFastBDTv3.root



input variables :

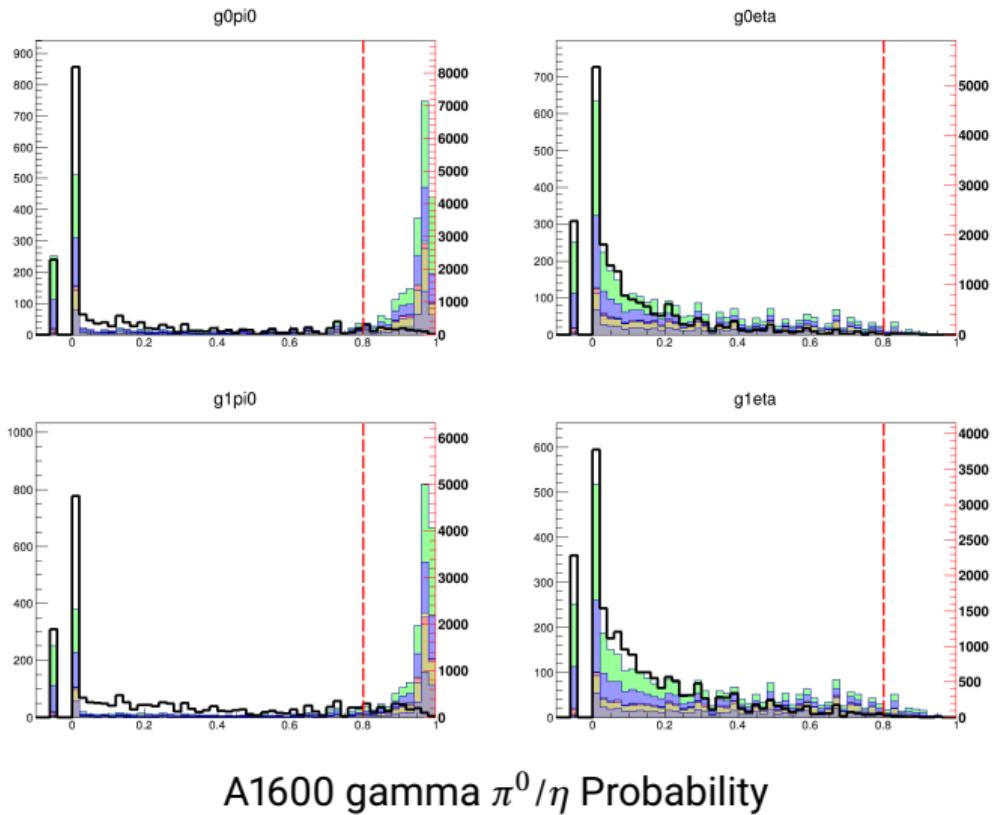
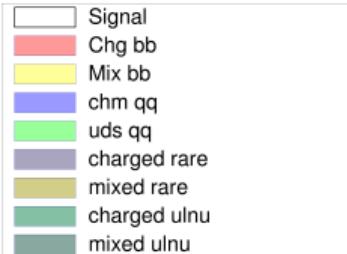
- thrust0m
- cosTBt0
- cosTBz
- et
- mm2
- R2
- KSFW (14)
- CleoCone (9)
- E_{asy}

Continuum Suppersion Variables

Variable	Description
thrustOm	Magnitude of the ROE thrust axis
cosTBTO	Cosine of angle between thrust axis of the signal B and thrust axis of ROE
cosTBz	Cosine of angle between thrust axis of the signal B and z-axis
et	Transverse energy
mm2	Missing mass squared
R2	Reduced Fox-Wolfram moment R2
KSFW (14)	Kakuno-Super-Fox-Wolfram
CleoCone (9)	variables based on the sum of the absolute values of the momenta of all particles within thrust axis 9 concentric cones

Koppenberg $\pi^0\eta$ Probability

- Use Koppenberg method to exclude π^0, η daughter candidates.
- Calculate the photon's probability for being daughter of π^0 or η
- $\mathcal{P}_{\pi/\eta}(\gamma_i) = \max(P_{\pi/\eta}(\gamma_i, \gamma_j))$
- γ_j : every γ from mdst_gamma table
- if ($E_i < 1.5$ and $E_j < 1.5$ GeV) then
 $\mathcal{P} = -0.1$
- veto γ which has $\mathcal{P}_{\pi/\eta} > 0.8$

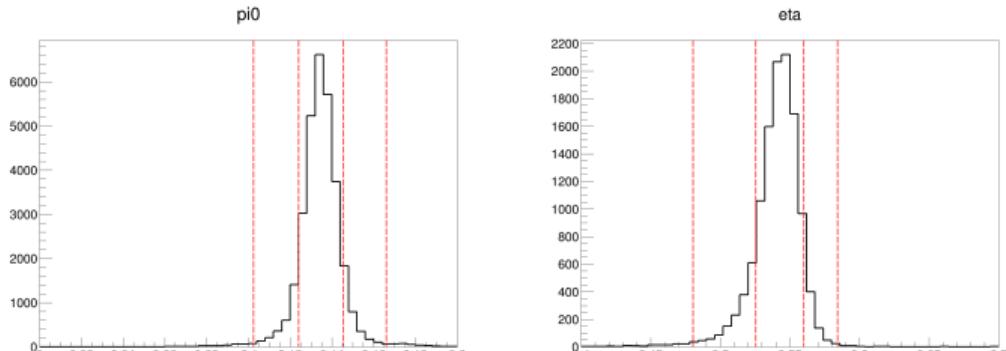


Peaking background veto

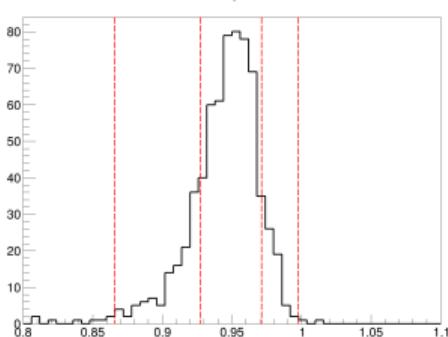
- π^0, η, η' are 3 major gamma pair generating SM background.
- to reject designated mass region, each MC samples are generated
- and upper/lower rms for each sample's $A_0 M(M_{a'})$ value are calculated.
- peaking background veto region is from

$$3 \times rms^L \text{ to } 3 \times rms^R$$

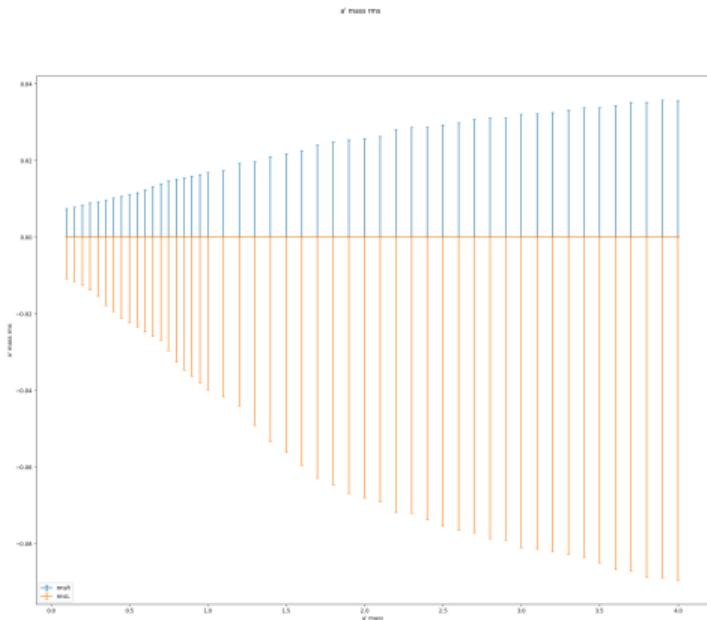
- $rms_{\pi^0}^L = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(M_{a'} - M_{\pi^0})^2}{N_{evt}}}$ when $M_{a'} > M_{\pi^0}$
- $rms_{\pi^0}^R = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(M_{a'} - M_{\pi^0})^2}{N_{evt}}}$ when $M_{a'} < M_{\pi^0}$



type	veto region (GeV)
π^0	0.102 ~ 0.166
η	0.480 ~ 0.584
η'	0.866 ~ 0.997



Analysis Region

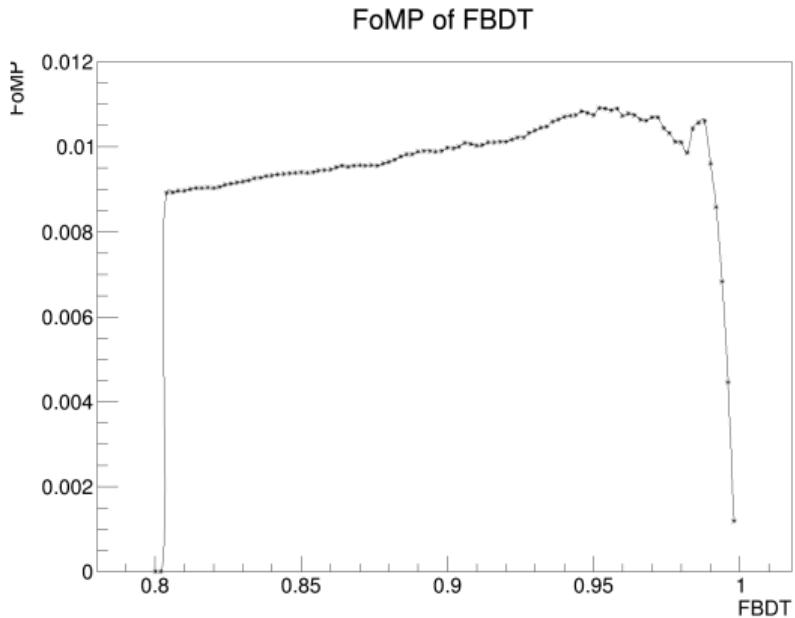


- 0.7 ~ 1.2 window is not very effective with low a' mass
- also not very logical selection
- calculate σ for each a' mass sig MC

precut	Condition
a' mcPDG	matched
M_{bc}	$5.27 \sim (\text{GeV})$
ΔE	$-0.2 \sim 0.1 (\text{GeV})$
$M_{a'}$	$0.5 \sim 1.2$

- $rms^L = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(M_{a'} - \text{ref_Mass})^2}{N_{evt}}}$ when $M_{a'} > \text{ref_Mass}$
- $rms^R = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(M_{a'} - \text{ref_Mass})^2}{N_{evt}}}$ when $M_{a'} < \text{ref_Mass}$
- Main Band : $2.5 rms^L$ to $2.5 rms^R$
- Side Band : main band width

Optimizing Punzi FoM



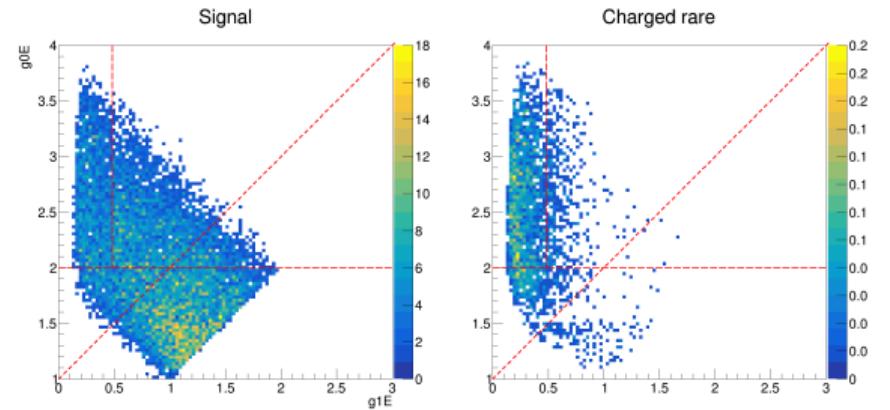
- Punzi FoM maximized around 0.95
- unify Punzi FoM cut 0.95 for all mass region
- Fom calc :

Precut	Conditions
M_{bc}	> 5.27 (GeV)
ΔE	-0.2 ~ 0.1 (GeV)
kopp Prob	< 0.8
Easy	< 0.9

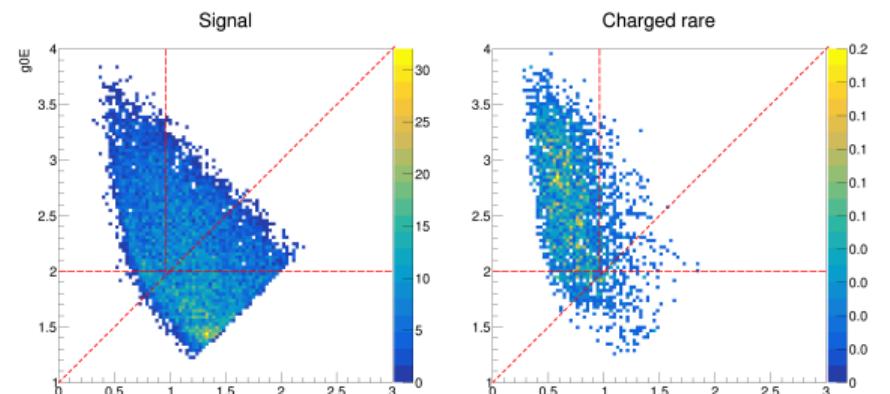
$$\text{Punzi FoM} = \frac{\epsilon_{sig}}{\sigma/2 + N_{bkg}} (\sigma : 3)$$

$M_{a'}$ 1600 MeV representative.

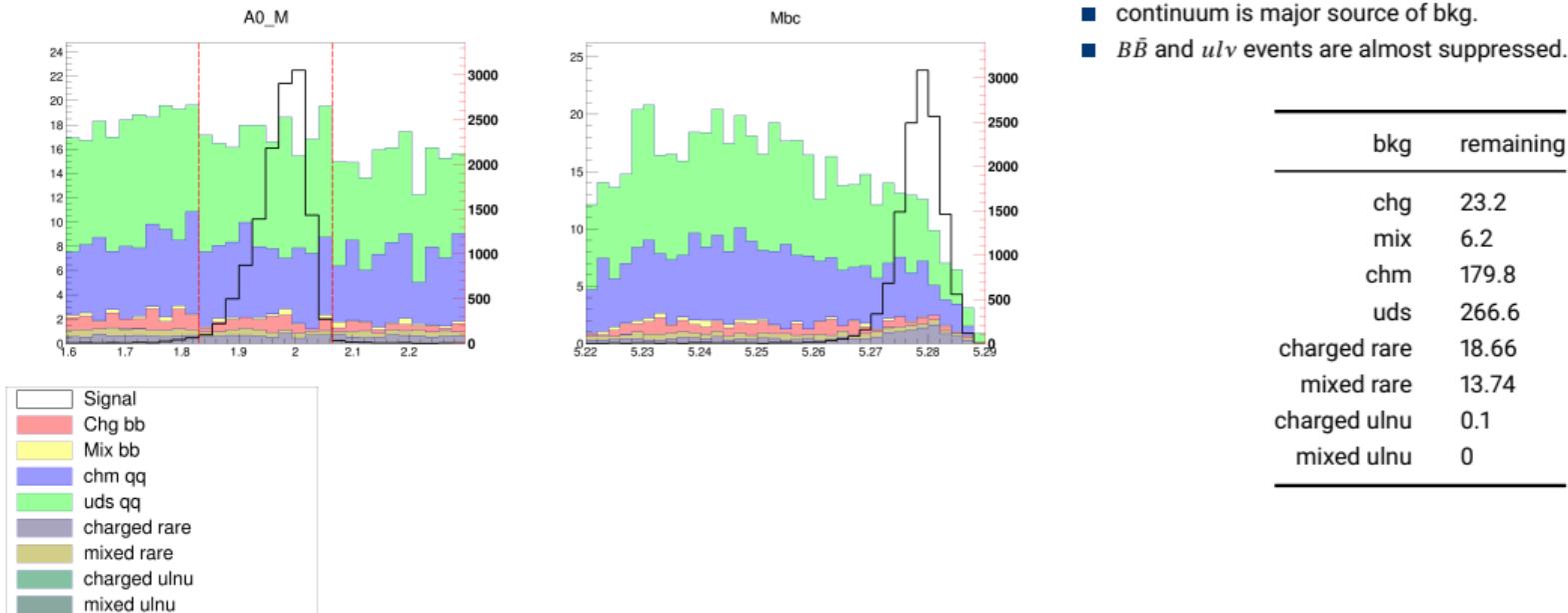
$B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$ veto



- major of rare B Background
- from $E_{\gamma_0} : E_{\gamma_1}$ distribution
 - ▶ $E_{\gamma_0} < 2.0 \parallel E_{\gamma_1} > (\text{mass}/2.5) \text{ GeV}$
- Not carefully optimized cut value
- But Extremely powerfull to veto $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$
- 1.2 GeV, 2.4 GeV representative

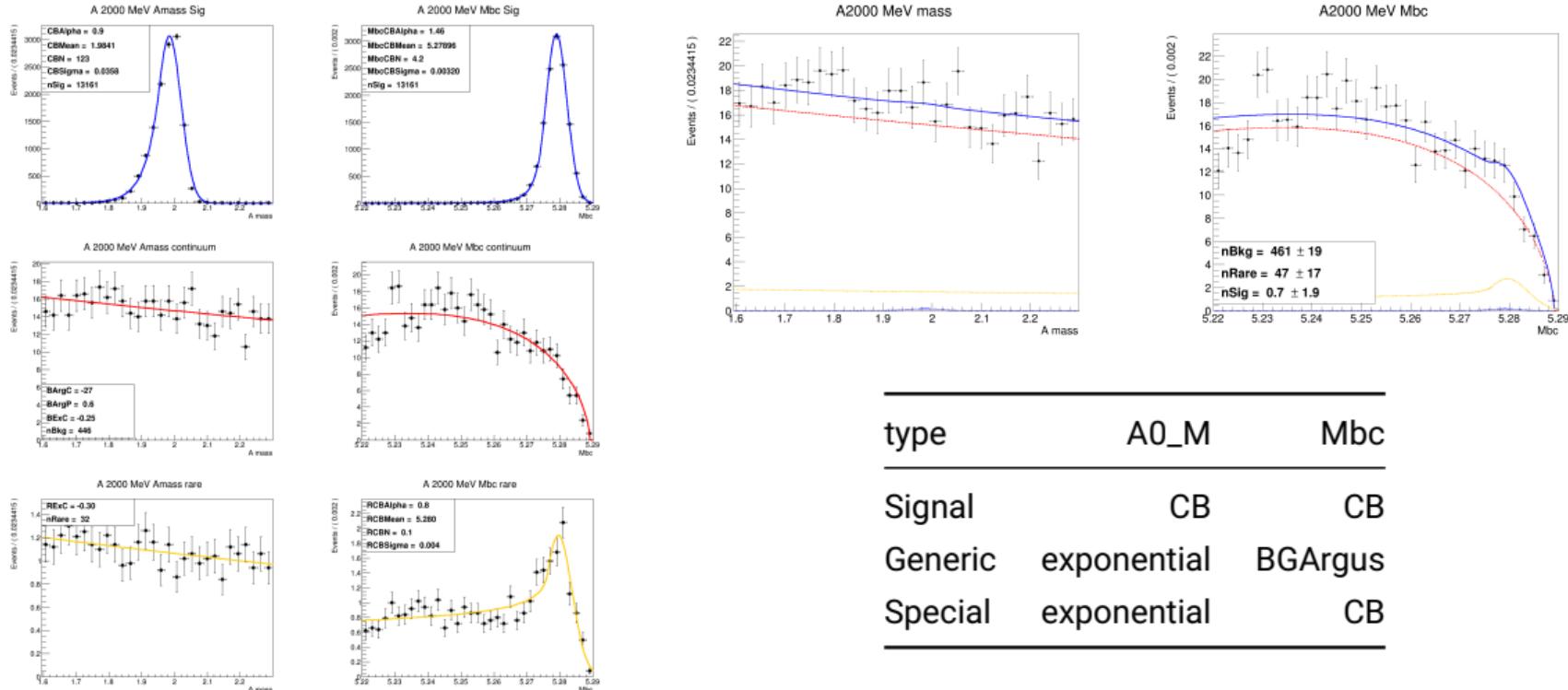


Background Distribution



$M_{a'}$ 2000 MeV representative.

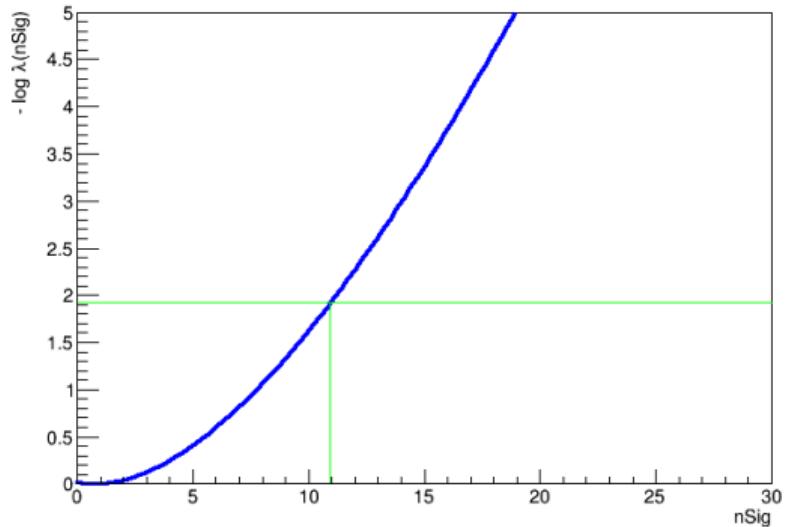
Fitting and applying PDF



■ fitting for each a' mass region are performed.

Profile Likelihood

Profile Likelihood Ratio and Posterior for nSig



- Profile Likelihood Calculator
- 95 C.L
- Expected U.L. = $\frac{N_{Sig}^{95yield}}{\epsilon_{sig} \times N_{BB}}$
- $N_{Sig}^{95yield} = N_{PLC_output}$
- $\epsilon_{sig} = \frac{N_{pass_cuts}^{sig}}{N_{gen}^{sig}}$
- $N_{BB} = 772 \times 10^6$

$M_{a'}$ 2000 MeV representative.

Expected U.L of BF with 95 CL

$M_{a'}(\text{GeV})$	$\epsilon_{sig}(\%)$	N_{bkg}	N_{sig}	N_{sig}/σ	95CL	Expected B.F	Expected U.L
1.5	12.6	437.31 ± 48.4	1.72 ± 4.48	0.38	12.2	1.75E-08	1.23E-07
2.0	13.2	507.87 ± 39.6	0.73 ± 4.34	0.17	10.9	0.72E-08	1.07E-07
2.5	9.0	358.53 ± 20.5	-2.28 ± 3.43	0.66	6.35	-3.26E-08	0.91E-07
3.0	1.9	245.52 ± 14.3	10.0 ± 5.20	1.92	21.7	6.78E-07	1.47E-06

conclusion and plan

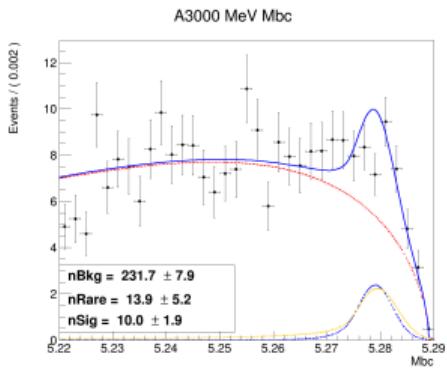
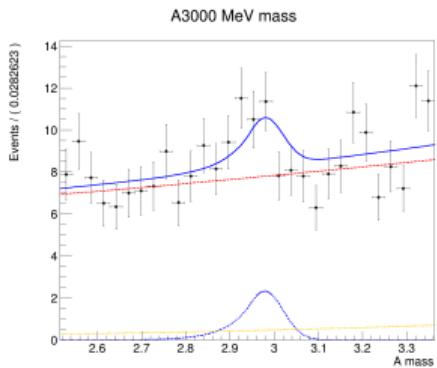
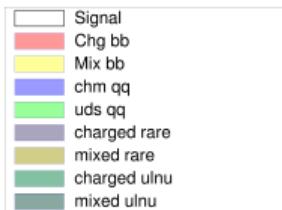
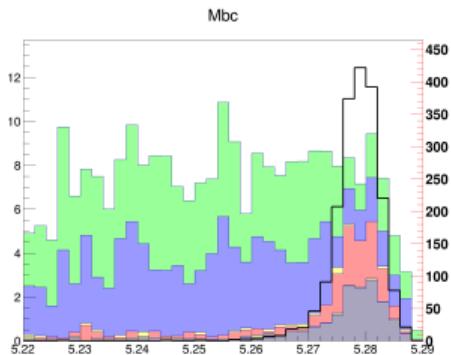
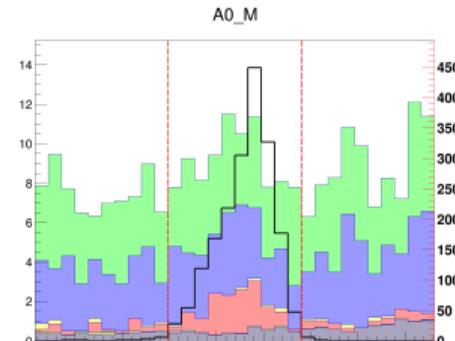
■ conclusion

- ▶ koppenberg π^0/η applied.
- ▶ FBDT trained and applied
- ▶ Analysis region decided.
- ▶ SigMC generated, full bkg stream skimmed.
- ▶ FBDT optimized with Punzi FoM
- ▶ Fitting done on remaining bkg/sig MC
- ▶ Sig Yield value and expected U.L calculated

■ plan

- ▶ Try 3D fit
- ▶ new π^0, η veto

Back UP

$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta_c$


SM BF	Value
$BF(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta_c)$	0.001030
$BF(\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$	0.0003
$BF(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta_c (\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma))$	3.09E-7
$BF(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta_c (\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma))$	$2.2^{+0.09}_{-0.07}$ E-7

- $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \eta_c (\eta_c \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ from Decay.dec
- last BF from 2008 J.Wicht Belle paper